

21 Disabilities Recognised by the Government of India

No.	Broad categories	Disabilities Included	Sub-Categories (21 Specified disabilities)
1.	Physical Disabilities	a. Locomotor/ Mobility <hr/> b. Visual <hr/> c. Hearing <hr/> d. Speech & Language	1. Locomotor 2. Leprosy Cured 3. Cerebral Palsy 4. Dwarfism 5. Muscular Dystrophy 6. Acid Attack Survivors <hr/> 7. Blindness 8. Low Vision <hr/> 9. Deaf & Hard of Hearing <hr/> 10. Apraxia, Dysarthria, Stuttering, Voice
2.	Intellectual Disabilities	a. Intellectual disability previously called Mental retardation <hr/> b. Specific	11. Down Syndrome <hr/> 12. Dyslexia, Dysgraphia, Dyscalculia, Dyspraxia, Developmental Aphasia and ADHD <hr/> 13. Autism Spectrum Disorder
3.	Mental Behavior	a. Mental Illness	14. Mental Illness
4.	Chronic Neurological Conditions	a. Parkinson's Disease <hr/> b. Multiple Sclerosis <hr/> c. Other Chronic Neurological Conditions	15. Parkinson's Disease <hr/> 16. Multiple Sclerosis <hr/> 17. ALS. Huntington's disease, Alzheimer's disease, neuromuscular disease and epilepsy
5.	Blood Disorders	a. Hemophilia <hr/> b. Thalassemia <hr/> c. Sickle Cell Diseases	18. Hemophilia <hr/> 19. Thalassemia <hr/> 20. Sickle Cell Anemia
6.	Multiple Disability	Children with multiple	21. Deafblind

		disabilities will have a combination of various disabilities that may include: speech, physical mobility, learning, mental retardation, visual, hearing, brain injury etc.	(Visual Impairment + Hearing Impairment); Visual Impairment + Hearing Impairment + Mental Retardation; Visual Impairment + Mental Retardation; Cerebral palsy + Mental Retardation/ Hearing/ Speech/ Visual Problems
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